

# ERRATA

STRONA	JEST	POWINNO BYĆ
35	$s = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$	$s^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$
42	$\bar{x} - \frac{-\alpha t_{(n-1)} \cdot s}{\sqrt{n}} < \mu < \bar{x} + \frac{\alpha t_{(n-1)} \cdot s}{\sqrt{n}}$	$\bar{x} - \frac{\alpha t_{(n-1)} \cdot s}{\sqrt{n}} < \mu < \bar{x} + \frac{\alpha t_{(n-1)} \cdot s}{\sqrt{n}}$
43	$136 \pm 6 \text{ mmHg.}$	$136 \pm 6 \text{ mmHg.}$
46	$P \left\{ p - \alpha u \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} < \Pi < p + \alpha u \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \right\} = 1 - \alpha$	$P \left\{ p - \alpha u \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} < \Pi < p + \alpha u \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \right\} = 1 - \alpha$
46	$\alpha u \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} = 0,073 \approx 0,07$	$\alpha u \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} = 0,073 \approx 0,07$
59	$s^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1) s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1) s_2^2}{(n_1 - 1) + (n_2 + 1)}$	$s^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1) s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1) s_2^2}{(n_1 - 1) + (n_2 + 1)}$
60	$s_z = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (z_i - \bar{z})^2}{n-1}}$	$s_z = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (z_i - \bar{z})^2}{n-1}}$
60	$u = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$	$u = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$
60	$t = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$	$t = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$
60	$v = \frac{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)}{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1}\right)^2 \frac{1}{n_1+1} + \left(\frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2 \frac{1}{n_2+1}} - 2$	$v = \frac{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1}\right)^2 \frac{1}{n_1+1} + \left(\frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2 \frac{1}{n_2+1}} - 2$

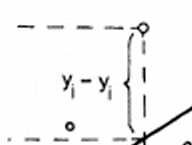
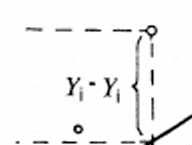
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STRONA	JEST	POWINNO BYĆ
61	(2) placedo	(2) placebo
61	(4) placedo	(4) placebo
62	$u = \frac{p - \Pi}{\sqrt{\frac{\Pi_0(1 - \Pi_0)}{n}}}$	$u = \frac{p - \Pi_0}{\sqrt{\frac{\Pi_0(1 - \Pi_0)}{n}}}$
63	$u = \frac{p_1 - p_2}{\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}}$	$u = \frac{p_1 - p_2}{\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}}$
68	$t = \frac{5,23 - 5,18}{\sqrt{0,002295}}$	$t = \frac{5,23 - 5,18}{\sqrt{0,002295}} = 2,088$
72	$\chi^2 = \frac{(ad - bc)^2}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2}$	$\chi^2 = \frac{(ad - bc)^2 N}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2}$
72	$\chi_c^2 = \sum \frac{( ad - bc  - \frac{1}{2}N)^2 N}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2}$	$\chi_c^2 = \frac{( ad - bc  - \frac{1}{2}N)^2 N}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2}$
78	$r_p = \sqrt{\frac{2(ad - bc)^2}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2 + (ad - bc)^2}}$	$r_p = \sqrt{\frac{(ad - bc)^2}{r_1 r_2 s_1 s_2 + (ad - bc)^2}}$
78	Tablica	Tablica
	50 0	50 0
	0 50	0 50
	50 50	50 50
	40 0	40 0
	10 50	10 50
	50 50	50 50
	40 10	40 10
	40 10	10 40
	50 50	50 50

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STRONA	JEST	POWINNO BYĆ		
80	(Razem)	O E O - E		
80	357 338 19	319 338 -10	357 338 19	319 338 -19
83	$k$ $r_k$ $\dots \frac{n_k - r_k}{n_k}$	$k$ $r_k$ $\dots \frac{n_k - r_k}{n_k}$	wszystkie slupy R N - R N	
	$p_k$	$p_k$	$P = \frac{R}{N}$	
85	$\chi^2_1 = \frac{N \left( N \sum_{i=1}^k r_i x_i - R \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i \right)}{R (N-R) \left[ N \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i^2 - \left( \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i \right)^2 \right]}$	$\chi^2_1 = \frac{N \left( N \sum_{i=1}^k r_i x_i - R \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i \right)^2}{R (N-R) \left[ N \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i^2 - \left( \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i \right)^2 \right]}$		
93	znajdujemyd $\chi^2$	znajdujemy $\chi^2$		
102	$y_{ij} - \bar{y} = (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_i) + (\bar{y}_i - \bar{y})^2$	$y_{ij} - \bar{y} = (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_i) + (\bar{y}_i - \bar{y})$		
106	$t = \frac{\bar{y}_g - \bar{y}_h}{s_w \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_g} - \frac{1}{n_h}}}$	$t = \frac{\bar{y}_g - \bar{y}_h}{s_w \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_g} + \frac{1}{n_h}}}$		

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112	$s_i^2 = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij}^2 - \left( \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij} \right)^2 / n_i}{n_i - 1}$	$s_i^2 = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij}^2 - \left( \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij} \right)^2 / n_i}{n_i - 1}$						
122	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td><math>y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\dots + y_{ijn}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>T_{ij}</math></td> </tr> </table>	$y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}$	$\dots + y_{ijn}$	$T_{ij}$	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td><math>y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\dots + y_{ijn}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>T_{ij}</math></td> </tr> </table>	$y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}$	$\dots + y_{ijn}$	$T_{ij}$
$y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}$								
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$T_{ij}$								
$y_{ij1} + y_{ij2}$								
$\dots + y_{ijn}$								
$T_{ij}$								
122	$s = \sum_{i,j} y_{ij}^2$	$S = \sum_{i,j,p} y_{ijp}^2$						
123	$SKMW = - \frac{\sum_i R_i^2}{nc} - \frac{T^2}{N}$ $SKMK = - \frac{\sum_j C_j^2}{nr} - \frac{T^2}{N}$ $SKMW = - \frac{\sum_{i,j} T_{ij}^2}{n} - \frac{T^2}{N} - SKMW - SKMK$	$SKMW = - \frac{\sum_i R_i^2}{nc} - \frac{T^2}{N}$ $SKMK = - \frac{\sum_j C_j^2}{nr} - \frac{T^2}{N}$ $SKI = \frac{\sum_{i,j} T_{ij}^2}{n} - \frac{T^2}{N} - SKMW - SKMK$						
124	$d_{ij} = y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{i\cdot} - \bar{y}_{\cdot j} + \bar{y}$	$d_{ij} = \bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{i\cdot} - \bar{y}_{\cdot j} + \bar{y}$						
125	$s_{ij} = \sum_{p=1}^n y_{ijp}^2$	$S_{ij} = \sum_{p=1}^n y_{ijp}^2$						
135	<i>pecherza (w cm<sup>3</sup>)</i>	<i>pecherza (w cm<sup>2</sup>)</i>						
139								

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145	$Y_0 = \alpha t_{(n-2)} \cdot s_0 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_0 - \bar{x})^2}{\sum_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2}}$ <p>Stąd:</p> $a = 2,5115$ $b = -0,6454$ $r = 0,9943$	$Y_0 \pm \alpha t_{(n-2)} \cdot s_0 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_0 - \bar{x})^2}{\sum_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2}}$ <p>Stąd:</p> $b = 2,5115$ $a = -0,6454$ $r = 0,9943$
146	$t = r \sqrt{\frac{n-2}{1-r^2}} = 22,8296$	$t = r \sqrt{\frac{n-2}{1-r^2}} = 22,8296$
149	<p>A scatter plot with x and y axes. Data points are represented by black dots. A horizontal line at height <math>\bar{y}</math> represents the mean. Two other horizontal dashed lines are drawn at heights <math>y_i</math> and <math>y_i - \bar{y}</math>. Vertical dashed lines connect the data points to these lines, illustrating the calculation of vertical distances.</p>	<p>A scatter plot with x and y axes. Data points are represented by black dots. A solid regression line is drawn through the points. Two horizontal dashed lines are drawn at heights <math>y_i</math> and <math>y_i - \bar{y}</math>. Vertical dashed lines connect the data points to these lines, illustrating the calculation of vertical distances.</p>
150	$S_i = \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij}^2 \quad \left  \begin{array}{cccc} S_1 & S_2 & \dots & S_k \end{array} \right  \quad S = \sum_{i=1}^{k_j} S_i$	$S_i = \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij}^2 \quad \left  \begin{array}{cccc} S_1 & S_2 & \dots & S_k \end{array} \right  \quad S = \sum_{i=1}^{k_j} S_i$
157	<i>trzech pacjentów</i>	<i>trzech preparatów</i>
159	$s^2 = \frac{28,1375 + 31,3049}{30 + 22 - 4}$	$s^2 = \frac{28,1375 + 31,3049}{30 + 22 - 4} = 1,2384$
159	$3,2791 \pm 2,013 \sqrt{0,7257} = 4,0738$	$3,2791 \pm 2,013 \sqrt{0,1563} = 4,0738$

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STRONA	JEST	POWINNO BYĆ
165	$s_c^2 = \frac{85,175 + 59,4915 - \frac{(17,6085 + 8,3733)^2}{5,4362 + 2,4874}}{30 + 22 - 3}$	$s_c^2 = \frac{85,175 + 59,4915 - \frac{(17,6085 + 8,3733)^2}{5,4362 + 2,4874}}{30 + 22 - 3} = 1,2137$
170	ocena obiektu	ocena efektu
171	$\sigma^2(M) = \frac{s_c^2}{b^2} \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} + \left[ \frac{(M - \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)^2}{(Sx^2)_1 + (Sx^2)_2} \right]$	$\sigma^2(M) = \frac{s_c^2}{b^2} \left[ \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} + \frac{(M - \bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2)^2}{(Sx^2)_1 + (Sx^2)_2} \right]$
172	$M \pm \frac{\alpha t_{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} s_c}{b} \sqrt{\frac{(1-g) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right) + \frac{(M - \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)^2}{(Sx^3)_1 + (Sx^3)_2}}{1-g}}$	$M \pm \frac{\alpha t_{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} s_c}{b} \sqrt{\frac{(1-g) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right) + \frac{(M - \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)^2}{(Sx^3)_1 + (Sx^3)_2}}{1-g}}$
173	$0,6191 \pm 2,102 \cdot \sqrt{0,01185} = 0,4006$	$0,6195 \pm 2,102 \cdot \sqrt{0,01185} = 0,4006$
189	$F_e(x_i) = \frac{\sum_{d \leq i} n_j}{N}$	$F_e(x_i) = \frac{\sum_{j \leq i} n_j}{N}$